

Amendments

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

Claim 1 (original): A pultrusion process for preparing a cured fiber reinforced composite comprising the steps of:

- a) pulling continuous fibers through an impregnation die;
- b) supplying a polyol component and a polyisocyanate component to produce a reaction mixture and feeding the reaction mixture to the impregnation die;
- c) contacting the fibers with the reaction mixture in the impregnation die for a time period and at a temperature sufficient to cause substantial polymerization of the reaction mixture within the impregnation die to produce a composite of fibers coated by the reaction mixture;
- d) directing the composite of coated fibers through a heated curing die to at least partially advance the cure of the reaction mixture so as to produce a solid fiber reinforced polymer matrix; and

- e) drawing the solid composite from the curing die, wherein the reaction mixture gels between 340 and 768 seconds at 25°C and between 95 and 210 seconds at 140°C.

Claim 2 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein the polyol component and the isocyanate component are mixed using a static mixer.

Claim 3 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein the polyol component contains one or more catalysts suitable for promoting at least one reaction selected from the group consisting of the reaction of isocyanate groups with alcohol groups to form urethane bonds, and the trimerization of isocyanate groups to form isocyanurate groups.

Claim 4 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein the fibers and the reaction mixture are supplied concurrently to the impregnation die.

Claim 5 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein the curing die includes a plurality of zones having different temperatures.

Claims 6-12 (withdrawn).

Claim 13 (currently amended): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein the polyol component and the polyisocyanate component are mixed at an isocyanate index ~~index~~ of from 200 to 1000, and the polyol component contains at least one catalyst for the trimerization of isocyanate groups.

Claims 14 (withdrawn).

Claim 15 (currently amended): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein an isocyanate index ~~the index~~ of the reaction mixture is less than 200.

Claims 16-19 (withdrawn).

Claim 20 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein the reaction mixture contains phosphate release agent.

Claim 21 (withdrawn).

Claim 22 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein the polyol component comprises an aromatic polyester polyol.

Claim 23 (withdrawn).

Claim 24 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 1, wherein the polyisocyanate component comprises isocyanate terminated prepolymer.

Claim 25 (withdrawn).

Claim 26 (original). A pultrusion process for preparing a cured fiber reinforced composite comprising the steps of:

- a) pulling continuous fibers through an impregnation die;
- b) supplying a polyol component and a polyisocyanate component to produce a reaction mixture and feeding the reaction mixture to the impregnation die;

- c) contacting the fibers with the reaction mixture in the impregnation die for a time period and at a temperature sufficient to cause substantial polymerization of the reaction mixture within the impregnation die to produce a composite of fibers coated by the reaction mixture;
- d) directing the composite of coated fibers through a heated curing die to at least partially advance the cure of the reaction mixture so as to produce a solid fiber reinforced polymer matrix; and
- e) drawing the solid composite from the curing die, wherein the reaction mixture contains release agent selected from the group consisting of fatty amides, fatty esters, fatty acids, and mixtures thereof.

Claim 27 (original). A pultrusion process for preparing a cured fiber reinforced composite comprising the steps of:

- a) pulling continuous fibers through an impregnation die;
- b) supplying a polyol component and a polyisocyanate component to produce a reaction mixture and feeding the reaction mixture to the impregnation die;
- c) contacting the fibers with the reaction mixture in the impregnation die for a time period and at a temperature sufficient to cause substantial polymerization of the reaction mixture within the impregnation die to produce a composite of fibers coated by the reaction mixture;
- d) directing the composite of coated fibers through a heated curing die to at least partially advance the cure of the reaction mixture so as to produce a solid fiber reinforced polymer matrix; and

- e) drawing the solid composite from the curing die, wherein the reaction mixture contains release agent selected from the group consisting of erucamide, stearamide, oleic acid, one or more fatty ester reaction products of adipic acid with pentaerythritol and oleic acid, the reaction products having acid number less than 15 and hydroxyl number less than 15, caruba wax, beeswax, butyl stearate, octyl stearate, ethylene glycol monostearate, ethylene glycol distearate, glycerine monooleate, dioctyl sebacate, one or more metal carboxylates, one or more silicones, montan wax, one or more hydrocarbons having from 10 to 19 carbon atoms, polytetrafluoroethylene, one or more phosphates, one or more chlorinated phosphates, and mixtures thereof.

Claim 28 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 27, wherein the release agent comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of zinc stearate and calcium stearate.

Claim 29 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 27, wherein the reaction mixture is devoid of amines.

Claim 30 (currently amended): The pultrusion process according to Claim 27, wherein the polyol component and the polyisocyanate component are mixed at an isocyanate index ~~index~~ of from 200 to 1000, and the polyol component contains at least one catalyst for the trimerization of isocyanate groups.

Claim 31 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 27, wherein the reaction mixture comprises aromatic polyester polyol.

Claim 32 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 30, wherein the reaction mixture comprises aromatic polyester polyol.

Claim 33 (original). The pultrusion process according to Claim 27, wherein the polyisocyanate component comprises isocyanate terminated prepolymer.

Claim 34 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 30, wherein the polyisocyanate component comprises isocyanate terminated prepolymer.

Claim 35 (original): A pultrusion process for preparing a cured fiber reinforced composite comprising the steps of:

- a) pulling continuous fibers through an impregnation die;
- b) supplying a polyol component and a polyisocyanate component to produce a reaction mixture and feeding the reaction mixture to the impregnation die;
- c) contacting the fibers with the reaction mixture in the impregnation die for a time period and at a temperature sufficient to cause substantial polymerization of the reaction mixture within the impregnation die to produce a composite of fibers coated by the reaction mixture;
- d) directing the composite of coated fibers through a heated curing die to at least partially advance the cure of the reaction mixture so as to produce a solid fiber reinforced polymer matrix; and
- e) drawing the solid composite from the curing die, wherein the reaction mixture has a gel time in the range of 84 to 600 seconds when maintained at 23°C, and the reaction mixture cures within 1 minute when heated to a cure temperature in the range of 120 to 140°C.

Claim 36 (currently amended): A pultrusion process for preparing a cured fiber reinforced composite comprising the steps of:

- a) pulling continuous fibers through an impregnation die;
- b) supplying a polyol component and a polyisocyanate component to produce a reaction mixture and feeding the reaction mixture to the impregnation die;
- c) contacting the fibers with the reaction mixture in the impregnation die for a time period and at a temperature sufficient to cause substantial polymerization of the reaction mixture within the impregnation die to produce a composite of fibers coated by the reaction mixture;
- d) directing the composite of coated fibers through a heated curing die to at least partially advance the cure of the reaction mixture so as to produce a solid fiber reinforced polymer matrix; and
- e) drawing the solid composite from the curing die, wherein the polyol component contains a catalyst for the trimerization of isocyanate groups, the polyol component and the polyisocyanate component are combined to produce an isocyanate index ~~index~~ of between 300 and 900, the reaction mixture has a gel time in the range of 84 to 600 seconds when maintained at 23°C, and the reaction mixture cures within 1 minute when heated to a cure temperature in the range of 120 to 140°C.

Claim 37 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 35, wherein the polyol component comprises polyester polyol.

Claim 38 (original): The pultrusion process according to Claim 36, wherein the polyol component comprises polyester polyol.

Claims 39-49 (withdrawn).